

TURKISH GUNS SINK FRENCH SUB SEA BOAT: ALL OF CREW ARE PRISONERS

FOE PUSHES SERBIA DRIVE TO NISHROAD

Capture Ridge Leading to Stronghold of Enemy, Says Sofia Dispatch.

GUNS ARE CAPTURED

British Expeditionary Force Get Baptism of Fire From Artillery.

Berlin, Nov. 1.—The Serbian town of Kragujevac, at which is located the great Serbian arsenal, has been taken by the Germans.

Sofia, Nov. 1.—The Bulgarian advance in Serbia is being continued along the whole front. An account of recent operations was issued today at the war office as follows:

"Concerning operations on Oct. 29, Bulgarian troops continued the pursuit of the enemy on the whole front. They advanced west of the Korjazevac watershed, between the Timok and the Morava.

"Southwest of Korjazevac we captured, after a violent battle, the Tostata ridge, whence roads lead to Nish and Bala Palanaka.

"In the upper Morava valley, after a hard fight, we took the town of Ordelipka, which is the junction point on the road between Vranja and Leskovats, through the Vlasina valley. In the region of Katchanik the Serbians attacked a column which had advanced, but were repulsed.

"In the course of the pursuit of the enemy we captured two mountain guns, with large supplies of munitions. Thus far we have found in Uskup 12,000 rifles of various patterns, 500 cases of powder, 15,000 cases of cartridges and large quantities of other war materials."

British Get Serbs' Fire

London, Nov. 1.—The British expeditionary force in Serbia received its baptism of fire on the Giveli-Dolran front, where according to the Times dispatch from Athens, it took part in the recent fighting.

The British, whose movements have been kept secret since they poured into Salonika, prepared to rush through Greece to the assistance of Serbia, are now in the trenches with their Balkan allies, at grips with Bulgaria. Just across the frontier near Strumitsa.

Though all reports that the allies have taken the town apparently are unfounded, it is along this lower stretch of the front that the Bulgarians are likely to receive the first hard blows from their opponents.

Serbs Fight Rear Guards

From Uskup north to the Danube the Bulgarian offensive has made such progress that it seems impossible for the Serbians to do much more than fight rear guard actions for the present. With Pirot in their hands, the Bulgarians are menacing Nish more seriously than the Austro-German forces, based on the Save and Danube crossings.

In northeastern Serbia the Bulgarians, well across the Timok river, are pressing forward vigorously in order to widen the line of communications with Hungary up the Danube valley. The much discussed Russian expedition which is reported to be on the way to the Bulgarian coast, now estimated at 200,000 men, has not been heard from again. There are recurrent reports, however, of further bombardment of Bulgarian ports. This may mean that in a manner paralleling conditions of a land attack, further artillery preparation is necessary before the Russians attempt to gain a foothold on the coast.

Show Renewed Activity

At the Dardanelles the British are showing renewed activity. They are hammering the Turks with artillery, supported by such ships of the allied fleet as are not engaged against Bulgaria.

The recapture of Taurus hill by the Germans sums up for the present the known result of the sudden spurt of heavy fighting in the Champagne. While the contenders on the western front have not renewed the general offensive, it is likely there will be frequent clashes over considerable stretches of the front while the Balkan situation is so acute, as each side desires to prevent the other from transferring troops to the near east.

British Steamer Is Sunk.
London, Nov. 1.—The British steamer Toward, 290 tons gross, has been sunk. The crew was saved.

LOOKING INTO THE FUTURE



ADMIRAL LITTLE FACES U.S. COURT MARTIAL TODAY

Will Answer to Charges of Neglect and Carelessness in Building of American Submarine.

Boston, Nov. 1.—Before a court martial at the Charlestown navy yard, Rear Admiral William Nelson Little, retired, today faced charges of neglect and carelessness. The government contends that alleged defects in submarine K-2, constructed by the Fore River Shipbuilding company at Quincy were overlooked by Rear Admiral Little while he was on duty as inspector of machinery in vessels being built at the Fore River yards.

Sessions of the court martial were open. Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fisk served as president of the trial board, and Lieutenant Commander Alfred W. Johnson as judge advocate. The other members of the court were Rear Admiral James M. Helm, Wythe M. Parks, Walter F. Worthington, Albert Gleaves and Herbert O. Dunn, and Paymaster General Thomas J. Cowie.

The K-2 was launched in 1913 and turned over to the government in January, 1914. After her acceptance the submarine developed storage battery trouble. Rear Admiral Little left the Fore River yards a year ago.

While naval officials had explained that in their opinion defective insulation, rather than design, had caused short circuiting, the source of the trouble was carefully investigated by the navy department.

As a result Secretary Daniels announced that the department "has been led to believe the inspection of the K-2, while building at the Fore River Shipbuilding company, was not conducted with specific care and thoroughness." Accordingly the secretary decided that Rear Admiral Little, the department's representative, responsible for the inspection of the K-2, be tried by court martial.

U. S. MACHINE RECORDS SEVERE QUAKE SHOCKS

Washington, Nov. 1.—A series of severe earth shocks were recorded by the Georgetown university's seismograph early today which lasted for about three hours. The first shock was felt at 2:49 a. m. The main phase of all the shocks was felt at 3:24 o'clock, the tremors dying away at 5:21. The disturbance is roughly estimated to have been about 4,000 miles from Washington.

London, Nov. 1.—The seismological observatory of Scotland recorded at 7 o'clock this morning a heavy earthquake in or near Japan.

THE WEATHER

Forecast Till 7 P. M. Tomorrow, for Rock Island, Davenport, Moline and Vicinity.

Fair tonight and Tuesday, cooler Tuesday.

Temperature at 7 a. m. 44. Highest yesterday 76, lowest last night, 43.

Velocity of wind at 7 a. m., four miles per hour.

Relative humidity at 7 p. m. 60, at 7 a. m. 71, at 1 p. m. today 30.

State of water 5.4 a fall of .1 in last 24 hours.

J. M. SHERIER, Local Forecaster.

CHINA REJECTS POWERS' SCHEME

Minister of Foreign Affairs Says Government Cannot Maintain Peace With Monarchy.

Peking, Nov. 1.—The Chinese government today rejected the proposals of Japan, Great Britain and Russia for postponement of the decision whether a monarchical form of government is to be reestablished.

The decision of the Chinese government was made known by Tsao Yulin, vice minister of foreign affairs. He called at the British, Russian and Japanese legations and informed the ministers the Chinese government had been advised by provincial officials that they would be able to maintain tranquility in the event of the reestablishment of the monarchy.

Tsao Yulin thanked the powers for their friendly interest in the welfare of China. He said the decision concerning a change in the form of government was wholly in the hands of the people, and that therefore it would be impossible to adopt the suggestion for a postponement.

The vice minister's communication was verbal, as were the representations of the three powers.

Monarchical Idea Is Favored.
Washington, Nov. 1.—Information received here from official sources in China makes it appear that triumph of the monarchical idea in the elections now in progress in China is almost certain and it is possible that the change in the form of government will be announced before the end of the year.

SETTLERS GET LAST OF KANSAS RESERVE

Dodge City, Kan., Nov. 1.—With the first filling of entries for the opening of settlement of the Kansas National Forest, embracing 138,000 acres, at the United States land office here today, the end was marked to the last of the forest reserves in a state, which were set aside by the government 20 years ago.

The land lies in Finney, Kearney, Hamilton and Haskell counties, in the southwestern part of Kansas along the south bank of the Arkansas river. Up to the present it has been used only for grazing purposes. It is estimated to be worth from four to six dollars an acre.

The activity here today at the land office is the result of a recent order of President Wilson who after receiving reports from government officers that some of the land was suitable for cultivation, decided to parcel it out in 320-acre tracts.

Peru to Change Constitution

Lima, Peru, Nov. 1.—According to information believed to be reliable there will be proposed in the senate this week a measure to reform the constitution. The prime minister opposes the measure and if it is carried will resign.

GOUGHAN SUFFRAGE CAMPAIGN TO END WITH SPEED TODAY

New York Women Will Close Fight With Machinery Running at Full Till.

New York, Nov. 1.—The suffragists of New York state will close their fight for the ballot today with all their campaign machinery running full speed.

Indisposed by the defeat of the suffrage amendment two weeks ago in the neighboring state of New Jersey, their leaders declare that the largest state in the union would grant votes to women. Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, chairman of the Empire State campaign committee, said that the suffragists had made an actual house to house campaign all over the state, and this was the basis for their declaration that 1,000,000 women in New York state wanted to vote.

The leaders of the women's organizations against suffrage predicted the defeat of the amendment by a large majority. Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, president of the national association opposed to woman suffrage, and Miss Alice Hill Chittenden, president of the New York State Anti-Suffrage association, thought that New York City will give a majority of 100,000 against the proposition with a much smaller majority outside this city.

Sixty automobiles loaded with speakers for suffrage left this morning for a final effort which will continue until midnight. Ten vans carrying huge signs lettered with suffrage appeals traversed the streets.

The activity of the campaigners for and against the suffrage amendment has overshadowed the efforts of the male political workers on the question of adopting a new state constitution. The constitutional questions are the only state-wide ones to be presented at tomorrow's election. All the enrolled democratic voters of New York county received today letters signed by the executive committee of the Tammany Hall advising them to "protect your city by voting against the constitution."

AMERICAN WAR SCOUT TO MAKE HIS REPORT

Washington, Nov. 1.—Surgeon A. M. Fauntleroy, United States navy, who has recently returned from France, where he had been since the beginning of the war with the Anglo-French army, observing conditions on the western frontier, is about to submit his report to Secretary Daniels.

The report is expected to prove of particular value, as Surgeon Fauntleroy is the only medical officer who has been with the armies on the western battle lines. The war department has no medical officers in Europe and will depend on the report of Surgeon Fauntleroy for information concerning the sanitary problems connected with the war.

Labor Safe Is Blown

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 1.—Robbers who blew a safe in the national offices of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen here last night, escaped with but a small amount of cash and a diamond ring, according to a statement by General Secretary A. H. Hawley, this morning.

SEEKS PLAN TO INCREASE ARMS PLANT

Secretary's Report to Deal With Increasing Output of Factories.

NAVY NEEDS SUPPLIES

Officials Estimate Indian Head Can Furnish Necessary Powder.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 1.—The desirability of building up and increasing the facilities of government-owned ordnance and powder plants probably will be shown by Secretary Daniels in his forthcoming report. The Secretary is known to be much pleased on reports submitted by the navy's bureau of ordnance, showing highly satisfactory results in the manufacture of powder at the Indian Head (Maryland) plant.

Officials estimate that with the manufacture of smokeless powder at Indian Head, it will be possible to furnish the navy with all the ammunition it needs at a cost of approximately 25 cents a pound. Satisfactory results have similarly been observed in the manufacture and production of explosives at the government plant at Newport, R. I., where the capacity has been increased 100 per cent.

Manufacture of mines has never been carried on to any extent in the United States until recently. Hitherto, the navy department purchased mines from European countries, but on account of the war, it has found it necessary to produce its own and this is now being carried on at the Norfolk navy yard.

RENEW LUSITANIA CASE TOMORROW

Count Bernstorff to Call on Secretary Lansing in Behalf of German Government.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Negotiations between Germany and the United States regarding the sinking of the liner Lusitania and other questions pending between the two nations will be resumed tomorrow when Count von Bernstorff will call on Secretary Lansing. Indemnity for Americans lost in the sinking of the Arabic still is unsettled.

The belief prevailed among state department officials that Secretary Lansing would officially make known to the German ambassador the result of the examination of the steel fragment picked up on the Allan liner Hesperian which naval experts believe was part of a torpedo. The German government, in a note, denied that the Hesperian was torpedoed by a German submarine.

FRENCH TO HONOR DEAD OVER REPUBLIC

Paris, Nov. 1.—All Saints and All Souls days will be observed in Paris and throughout France today and tomorrow by pilgrimages of wreath bearing throngs of mourners to the cemeteries, in most of which are buried soldiers who have fallen on the field of battle.

Some memorial services were held yesterday, including pilgrimages to the cemeteries on the Marne battleground, the grave of Paul Derouille, the poet, at St. Cloud, and to the monument erected at Pere Lachaise cemetery to the 171 French writers who have been killed in the war.

PENNSYLVANIA WAR FOR BALLOT CLOSES

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 1.—Woman suffragists who are asking the men of Pennsylvania to give women the right to vote made their final appeal today, more than two hundred meetings having been arranged for in different parts of the city. Hundreds of automobiles carried speakers, along with about nine hundred women who were enlisted to distribute literature.

Several 12-hour mass meetings without intermission were in progress in the business district today, the women speakers attracting large crowds. All over the state reports indicate the suffragists are making a vigorous final drive for victory.

The organizations opposed to equal suffrage were also active today but their meetings were not so numerous.

VILLA'S MEN WAR WITH BORDER FOE

Advancing Body Meets Carranza Forces on Frontier Near Douglas, Arizona.

Douglas, Ariz., Nov. 1.—The advancing main body of the Villa army came in contact with the Carranza forces defending Agua Prieta, the Mexican border town opposite here, at 9:45 this morning.

The Carranza outposts opened fire on the advancing Villa troops and then fell back to the trenches surrounding the Mexican town.

Villa moved his entire force, estimated at about ten thousand men, under cover of a dense haze of Douglas copper smelter smoke. The first clash occurred about three miles east of Agua Prieta.

At the first sight of the opening of a battle a provost guard of American troops will clear the streets of Douglas. Orders have been issued that every one remain indoors, preferably behind adobe walls, during the fighting.

Throng of refugees and women and children camp followers of the Mexican garrison, all of classes not legally admissible to the United States, waited on the international border for permission to cross and enter a detention camp when the fighting actually begins. The hospital and detention camp has been located in an isolated part of Douglas.

General Calles maintained headquarters in the house of Mrs. Alice O'Loughlin, an American keeper of a curio store in Agua Prieta, who went through two previous battles in the Mexican town. She said today that she expected to remain there throughout the coming fight, despite the long range field artillery Villa is reported to have trained on the town. Her husband is a mining man at present in a Los Angeles hospital, suffering from fractured vertebrae.

Dawn today showed General Villa's troops spread out partly around Agua Prieta in a semi-circle from east to south, about five miles out. Generals Urbaleo and Antonio Mendez, the latter commander of an advance guard which had a skirmish with Carranza troops at Caballona, are at points west of Agua Prieta, one in the vicinity of Anavacah Pass, the other near Naco.

General Calles' two searchlights swept the desert brush all of last night. Villa's camp fires twinkled in the distance, while American troops under General Thomas E. Davis of the Sixth Brigade, slept on arms in three miles of trenches facing the Mexican boundary opposite Douglas.

3,000 Workmen Back on Job

Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 1.—Approximately five thousand workmen in hand windowglass factories of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Kansas and Oklahoma started work today after the usual mid-summer shut down, at an advance of 3½ per cent.

THE WAR TODAY

The Bulgarian war office reported today a continuation of the pursuit of the Serbians along the whole front, and considerable progress has been made in the direction of Nish. Repulse of a Serbian counter attack in the upper Morava region is claimed.

Bulgarian troops attacked a French advance post on the Vardar, near Kriovak, in southern Serbia, but were obliged to retire after sustaining heavy losses, a Saloniki dispatch states.

According to an Athens dispatch to a Paris news agency, the recapture of Vele in southern Serbia by the Bulgarians has been officially confirmed.

Turkish reservists, who had been engaged in the Gallipoli peninsula, have been sent to Bulgarian Thrace, according to a report from Constantinople.

Greek military circles, Athens advises state, believe that while the position of the Serbian army is difficult, it is not desperate.

The campaign is developing as expected by the Greek experts, with the Bulgarians trying to cut off the Serbian northern army, which is endeavoring to retreat in good order to its new line of defense.

Relations between Greece and Bulgaria continue friendly, it is reported by a Bucharest correspondent, who points to the success of a Greek commission in negotiations for the purchase from Bulgaria of wheat which is to be exported by way of the Dedagach railroad to Saloniki.

A Milan newspaper has received word from Bucharest that two-thirds of the generals on the Rumanian headquarters staff, at a meeting for discussion of the country's military policy, declared in favor of entering the war on the side of the entente allies.

Continued fighting in the vicinity of Butte de Tahure in the Champagne district in France, the position taken by the Germans in their latest drive, has not resulted in any material change in the relative positions of the contending forces, the Paris war office stated today.

26 ARE TAKEN BY OTTOMANS AFTER DASH

Submarine Torquise Is Sent Down by Enemy in Bombardment, Says Report.

TWO OFFICERS ARE HELD

Commander of George's Craft Escapes After Violating His Parole.

Berlin, Nov. 1.—The German advance against the Russian Baltic port of Riga has been resumed. The war office made an announcement today that Field Marshal von Hindenburg's forces which are driving at Riga from the west had gained ground. Russian attacks in the Dyvinsk region broke down with heavy losses.

The war office announced today that in October more than 10,000 prisoners were captured on the Russian and Serbian front.

Berlin, Nov. 1.—The French submarine Torquise has been sunk by the Turks' artillery according to an official statement by the Turkish war office dated Oct. 31. Her entire crew, two officers and 24 men, were made prisoners.

The French submarine Torquise was a craft of 355 tons displacement, 154 feet long, 12 feet beam and was equipped with six torpedo tubes. Her speed above water was 12 knots, while she was capable of making eight knots submerged. She was built in 1908 at Toulon.

British Marine Officer Flees.
Copenhagen, Nov. 1.—A dispatch from Copenhagen, as given out today by the Overseas News Agency, says that Lieutenant Commander Layton of the British submarine E-13 has fled from that city, breaking his parole.

Lieutenant Commander Layton was commanding officer of the E-13, which was grounded on the Danish island of Salt-holm in August. The British admiral reported the E-13 had been attacked while helpless by two German torpedo boats, resulting in the death of 14 men. The remaining members of the crew were interned in Denmark. Germany apologized to Denmark for the attack on the E-13 in Danish waters.

Turkish War Statement

Constantinople, Nov. 1.—The following official statement was issued today at the Turkish war office:

"On the Dardanelles front local fighting continues. Our artillery destroyed enemy trenches and mine throwing positions."

CHICAGO MEN START PREPAREDNESS FIGHT

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Business and professional men of Chicago who are members of the Navy League of the United States, the national organization giving civic support to greater naval plans, today began a week's campaign in the interest of sea preparedness. Speakers will address employees of factories and large commercial plants on national defense. They will be asked to sign a petition to be sent to congress asking a generous navy appropriation and the forming of a national council of defense.

Members of the league will visit the Great Lakes naval training station at Lake Bluff in the interest of promoting a summer naval camp for school students and business men.

STREETER TO BE HELD BY CHICAGO POLICE

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Arrest of Captain George Wellington Streeter, self-styled owner of a strip of land he calls the District of Lake Michigan, was considered by police today on a new charge of violating the Sunday saloon closing law.

"Streeterville," as the land is known, was the only openly "wet" spot reported in Chicago yesterday. The property faces Lake Michigan and is located within a stone's throw of Lake Shore Drive, a fashionable residence section. Streeter has claimed ownership to the property on squatters' rights. He maintains police have no authority on the property—that it is under federal jurisdiction. It is said that at least 2,000 persons yesterday visited the small brick building Streeter erected on the property and which he has converted into a drinking place.

Iowan Hurt in Auto Crash

Burlington, Iowa, Nov. 1.—Frank Bishop, prominent resident of Wapello, was perhaps fatally injured when the automobile in which he was driving alone overturned. His skull was fractured.